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# GREENLAND

## Clasificarea zonelor de vegetatie bazata pe arhitectura GRID

**Cornelia Melenti, Victor Bacu, Daniel Safta, Dorian Gorgan**  
Catedra de Calculatoare,  
Facultatea de Automatica si Calculatoare  
Universitatea Tehnica Cluj-Napoca

ENVIRO 2006,  
Facultatea de Stiinta Mediului,  
Universitatea Babes-Bolyai Cluj  
28 octombrie 2006, Cluj-Napoca

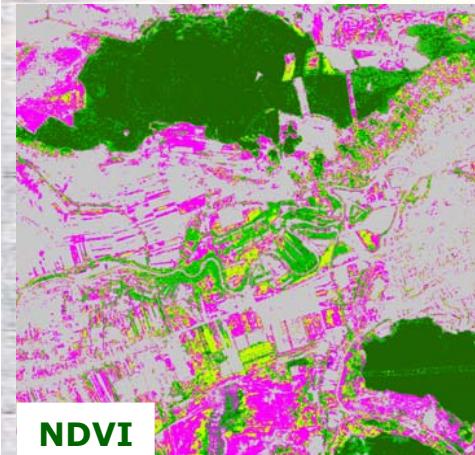
# Cuprins



- Prezentarea arhitecturii GRID
- Prezentarea aplicatiei Greenland
- Experimente
- Concluzii



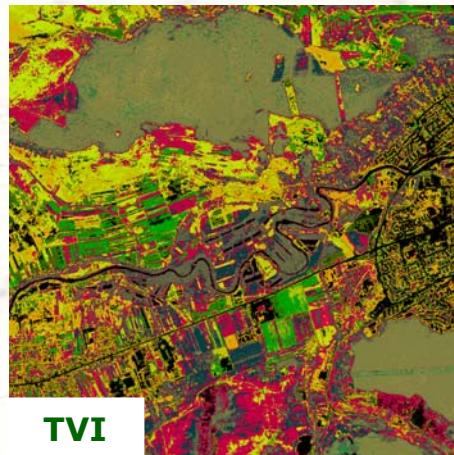
**Cluj-Napoca,  
zona de vest a orasului  
(benzile 1,2,3)**



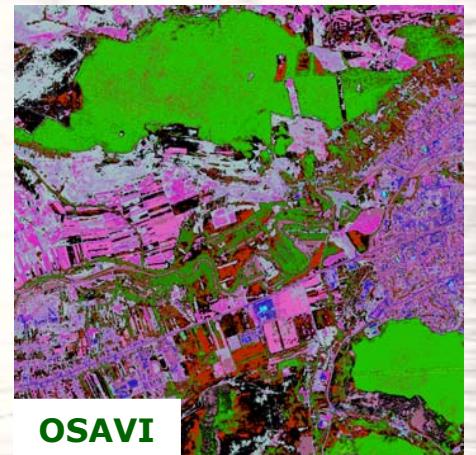
**NDVI**



**GEMI**



**TVI**



**OSAVI**

# Prezentarea arhitecturii GRID



## Prelucrarea imaginilor satelitare pe GRID

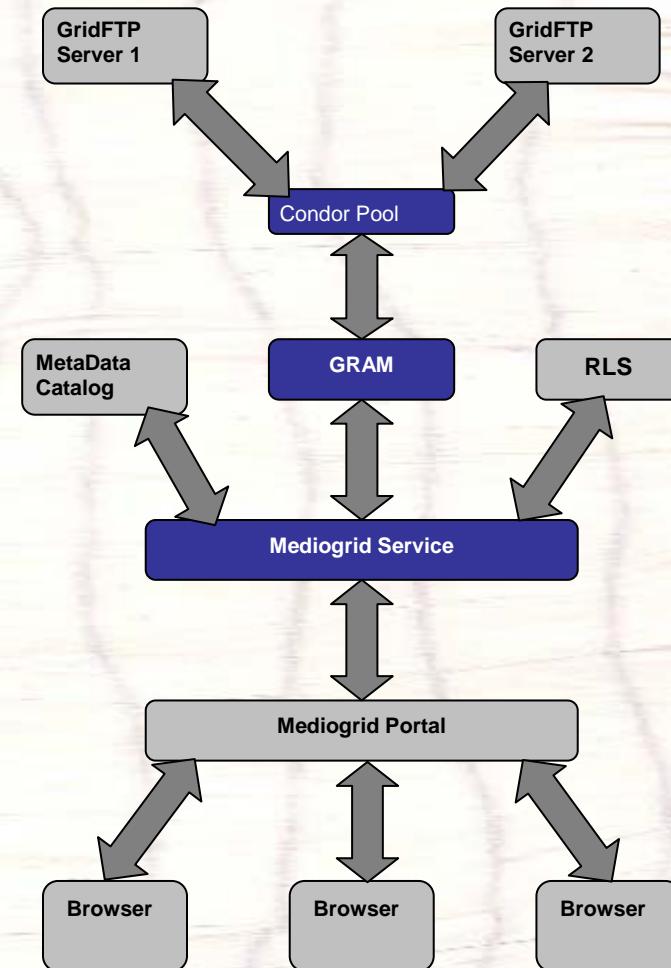
- Mediu pentru extragerea parametrilor geografici si de mediu din imaginile satelitare
- Aplicatia GREENLAND pentru clasificarea imaginilor satelitare pe baza indicilor de vegetatie oferita ca serviciu web pe GRID

# Prezentarea arhitecturii GRID



## □ Componentele arhitecturii Mediogrid

- MedioGRIDService
- MedioGRIDPortal
- MedioGRIDMyProxy
- MetadataCatalog and Replica Location Service



# Prezentarea arhitecturii GRID



IMAGINE RELEVANTA TIP DE PRELUCRARE(Indici de vegetatie) TIP DE PRELUCRARE(Detectie zone) THUMBNAIL

	cluj1	relevantă	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
1	cluj2	relevantă	<input type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
2	cluj3	relevantă	<input type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
3	cluj4	relevantă	<input type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
4	cluj5	relevantă	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
5	cluj6	relevantă	<input type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
6	cluj7	relevantă	<input type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
7	cluj8	relevantă	<input type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
8	cluj9	relevantă	<input type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view
9	cluj10	relevantă	<input type="checkbox"/> NDVI	<input type="checkbox"/> IPVI	<input type="checkbox"/> OSAVI	<input type="checkbox"/> RVI	<input type="checkbox"/> TVI:::	<input type="checkbox"/> APA	<input type="checkbox"/> FOC	view

Next

Imaginiile pentru prelucrare

JOB NR. IMAGINE
1 cluj1_ndvi
2 cluj2_ipvi
3 cluj3_ipvi
4 cluj3_osavi
5 cluj3_rvi
6 cluj4_ipvi
7 cluj4_osavi
8 cluj5_ndvi
9 cluj5_ipvi
10 cluj5_osavi
11 cluj5_rvi
12 cluj6_ndvi
13 cluj7_ndvi
14 cluj8_ndvi
15 cluj8_ipvi
16 cluj9_ndvi

Submit jobs

## □ Modul de functionare a aplicatiei GREENLAND pe GRID

- Pasul 1: Selectia imaginilor si indicilor de prelucrat
- Pasul 2: Lansarea job-urilor

# Prezentarea arhitecturii GRID



Welcome Mediagrid Portlet

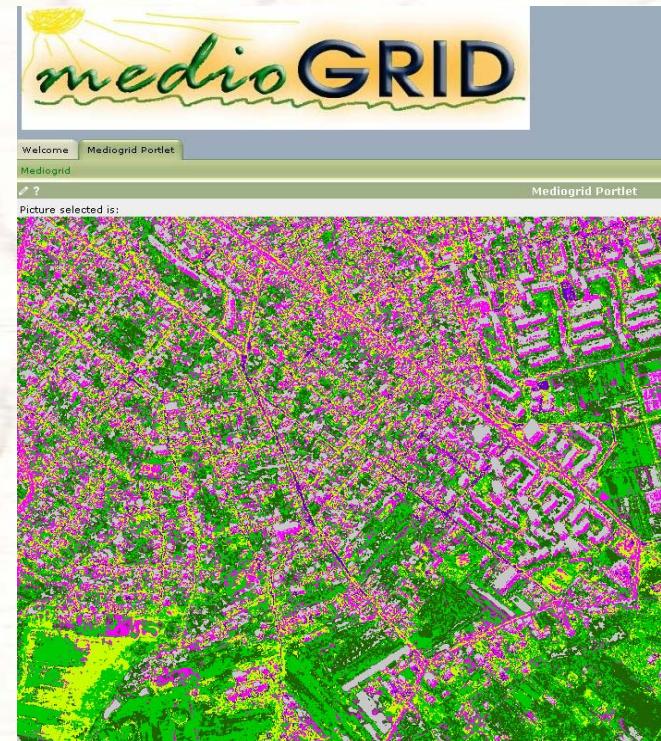
Mediagrid

?

Selectie imagini pentru prelucrare

JOB NR.	IMAGINE	STARE	TIMP START	TIMP FINAL	THUMBNAIL
1	cluj1_ndvi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:25:16 EEST 2006	
2	cluj2_ipvi	Pending	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006		
3	cluj3_ipvi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:25:10 EEST 2006	
4	cluj3_osavi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:25:33 EEST 2006	
5	cluj3_rvi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:25:10 EEST 2006	
6	cluj4_ipvi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:24:56 EEST 2006	
7	cluj4_osavi	Pending	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006		
8	cluj5_ndvi	Pending	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006		
9	cluj5_ipvi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:25:22 EEST 2006	
10	cluj5_osavi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:25:16 EEST 2006	
11	cluj5_rvi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:25:30 EEST 2006	
12	cluj6_ndvi	Done	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006	Fri Oct 27 13:25:26 EEST 2006	
13	cluj7_ndvi	Pending	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006		
14	cluj8_ndvi	Active	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006		
15	cluj8_ipvi	Pending	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006		
16	cluj9_ndvi	Pending	Fri Oct 27 13:24:18 EEST 2006		

Refresh Job Status



## Modul de functionare a aplicatiei GREENLAND pe GRID

- Pasul 3: Vizualizarea starii job-urilor
- Pasul 4: Vizualizarea rezultatelor

# Prezentarea aplicatiei GREENLAND

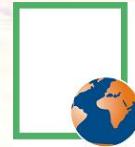


- GREENLAND – Serviciu web de prelucrare pe arhitectura GRID a imaginilor multispectrale pentru detectia informatiei semantice pe baza indicilor de vegetatie
- Scop:
  - utilizarea imaginilor satelitare de rezolutie spatiala medie si mare pentru studiul acoperirii cu vegetatie si a structurii acesteia pentru o anumita zona geografica (Cluj - 160 Km<sup>2</sup>)
- Obiective:
  - Calculul indicilor de vegetatie prin procesarea diferitelor benzi ale imaginilor satelitare multispectrale (benzile NIR, Red si SWIR)
  - Clasificarea vegetatiei pe baza indicilor de vegetatie calculati
  - Analize statistice privind acoperirea cu vegetatie, cantitatea de biomasa
  - Actualizarea bazei de date geografice si de mediu

# Prezentarea aplicatiei GREENLAND



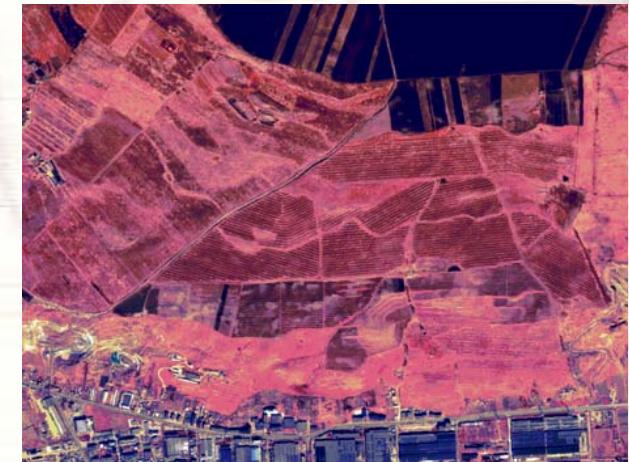
- Indici de vegetatie calculati in aplicatia GREENLAND
  - DVI - difference vegetation index
  - RVI - ratio vegetation index
  - NDVI - normalized difference vegetation index
  - SNDVI - scaled vegetation index
  - TVI - transformed vegetation index
  - IPVI - infrared percentage vegetation index
  - OSAVI - optimized soil adjusted vegetation index
  - GEMI - global environmental monitoring index



# Experimente – indici de vegetatie

- Testele au fost efectuate pe un set de imagini QuickBird achizitionate in 27.03.2003
- Bezile utilizate sunt NIR (banda 4) si RED (banda 3)

Imagini de test din zona orasului Cluj (benzile 4,3,1)



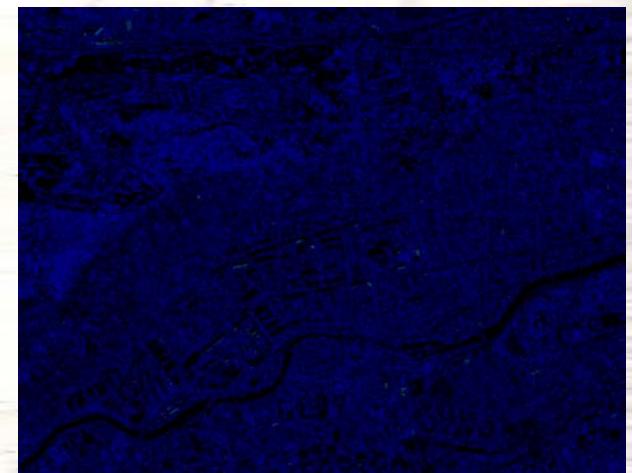
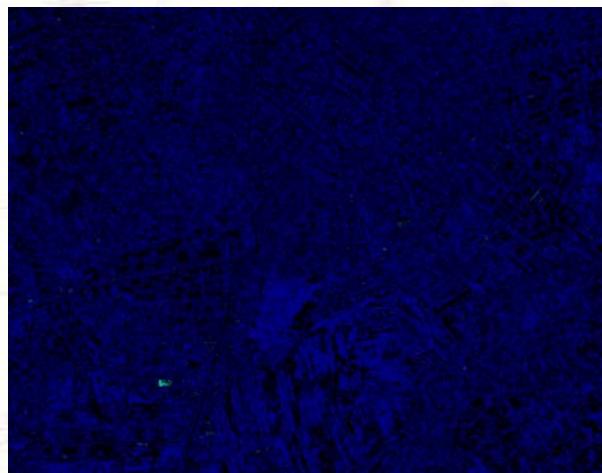
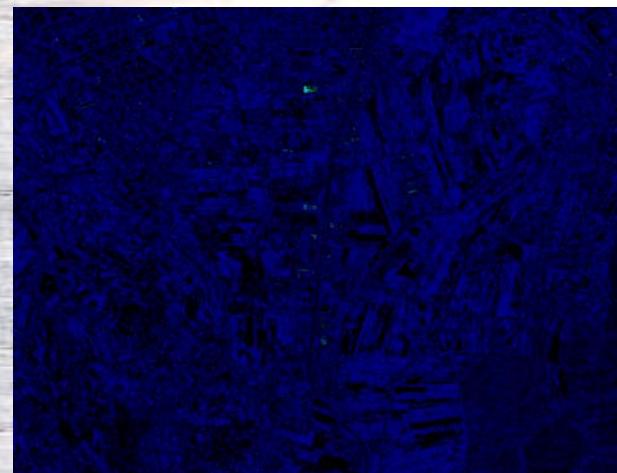
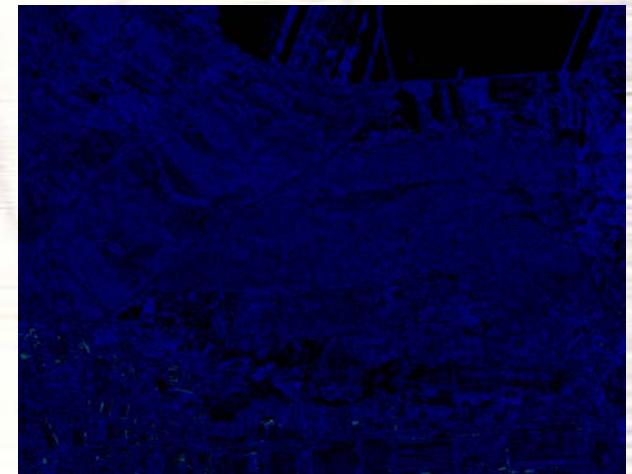
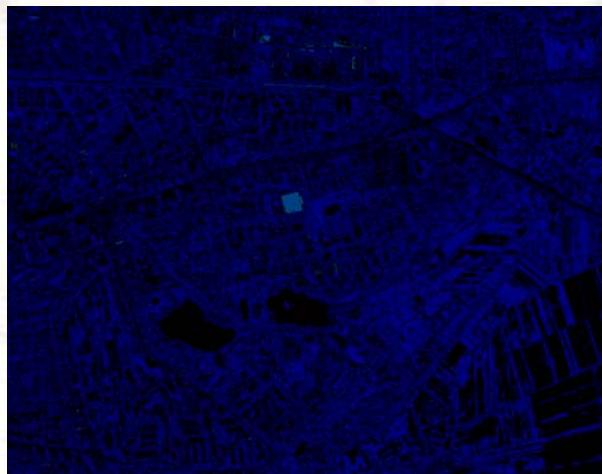
# Experiente – indici de vegetatie



## Clasificarea bazata pe indicele DVI (difference vegetation index)

$$\text{DVI} = \text{NIR} - \text{Red}$$

- Imaginea rezultata este foarte segmentata si apar erori in identificarea claselor, practic este ineficienta in definirea si interpretarea claselor de vegetatie

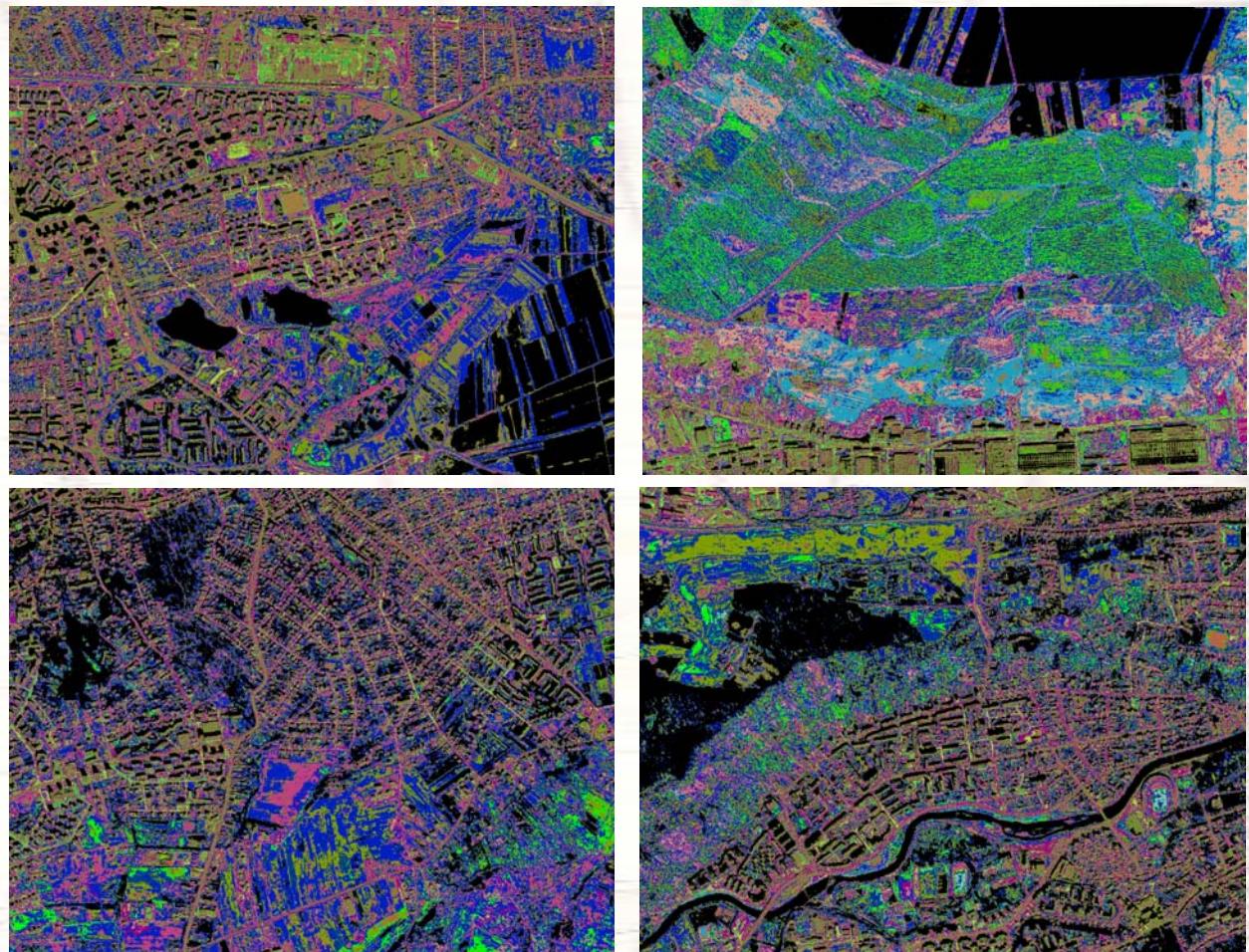


# Experiente – indici de vegetatie



- Clasificarea bazata pe indicele RVI (Ratio Vegetation Index)  
**RVI = NIR / Red**

- Prin scalarea imaginii rezultat se obtin numere pozitive intre 0-255 (corespunzatoare nuantelor de culoare) insa nu se poate face o clasificare riguroasa.



# Experiente – indici de vegetatie



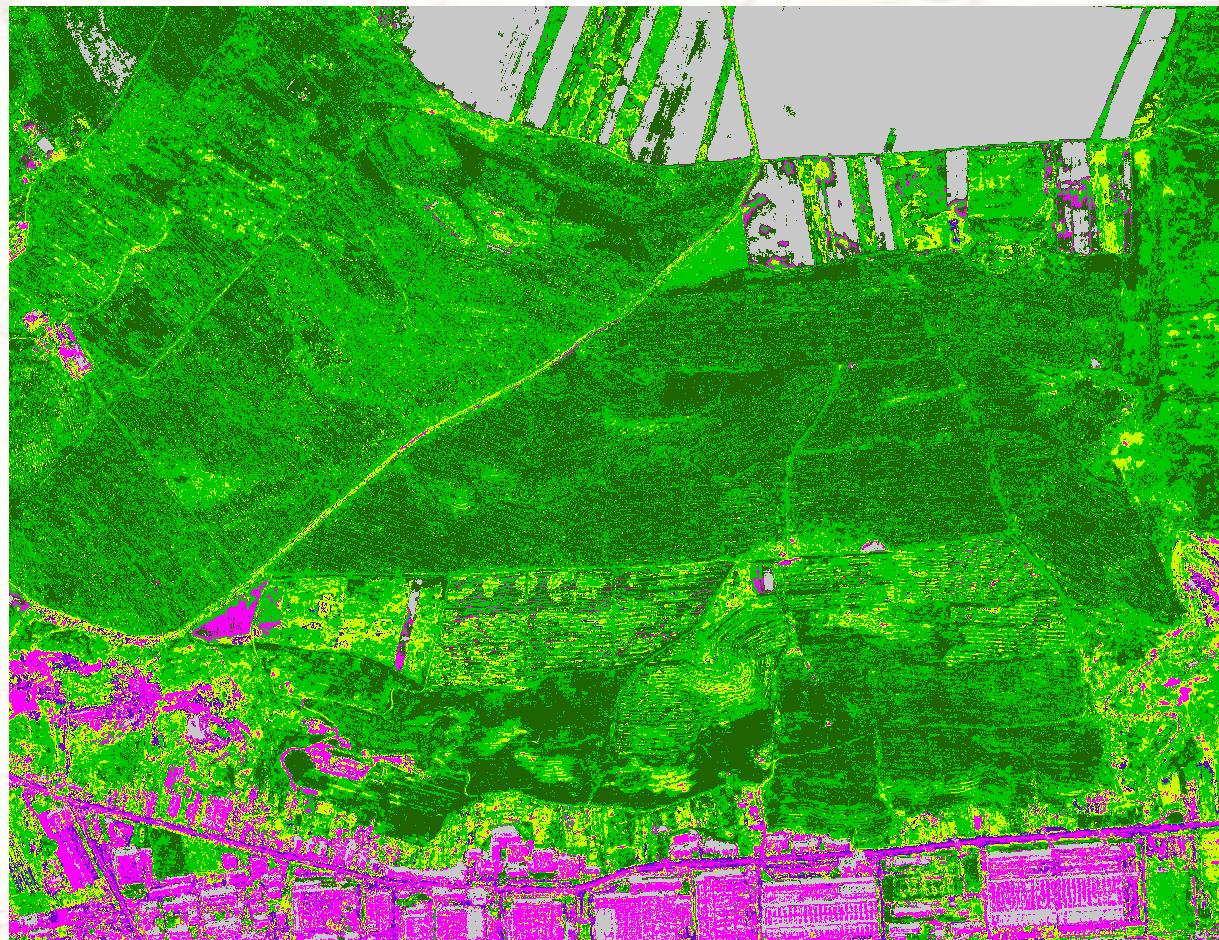
- Clasificarea bazata pe indicele NDVI (Normalized Difference Vegetation Index)

$$\text{NDVI} = (\text{NIR} - \text{Red}) / (\text{NIR} + \text{Red})$$

- In functie de valorile NDVI (intre -1 si 1), am definit 6 clase de vegetatie/nevegetatie utilizeaza in cadrul unui algoritm de clasificare supervizata

Legenda claselor obtinute:

■	• zone fara vegetatie
■	• sol
■	• vegetatie rara
■	• vegetatie medie
■	• vegetatie deasa
■	• vegetatie foarte deasa



# Experimente – indici de vegetatie



## Clasificarea bazata pe indicele NDVI

Legenda claselor obtinute:

- zone fara vegetatie
- sol
- vegetatie rara
- vegetatie medie
- vegetatie deasa
- vegetatie foarte deasa

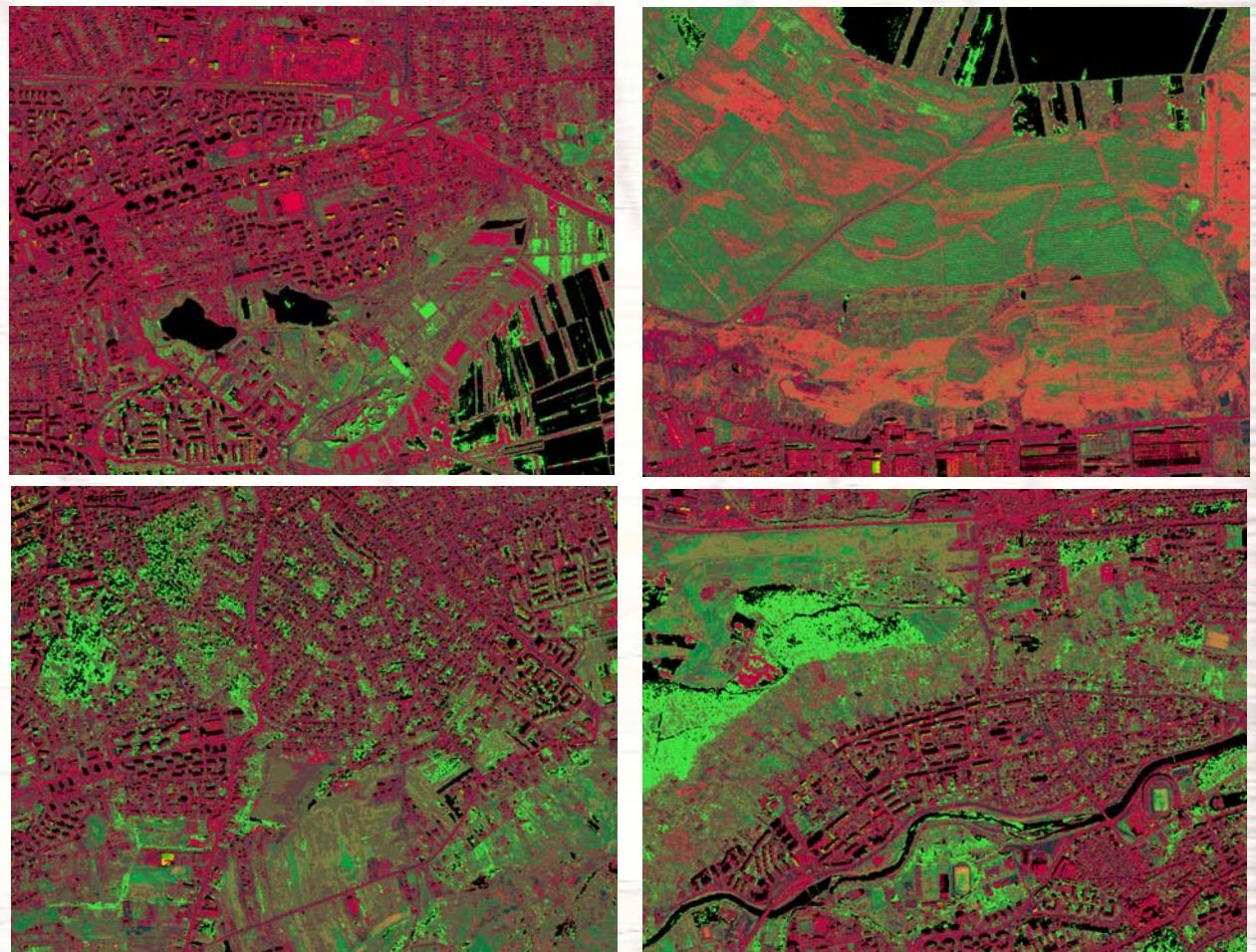


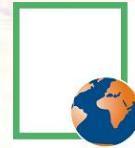
# Experiente – indici de vegetatie



- ❑ Clasificarea bazata pe indicele TVI (Transformed Vegetation Index)  
**TVI = (NDVI + 0.5)<sup>½</sup>**

- TVI detecteaza foarte slab tipurile de vegetatie





# Experimente – indici de vegetatie

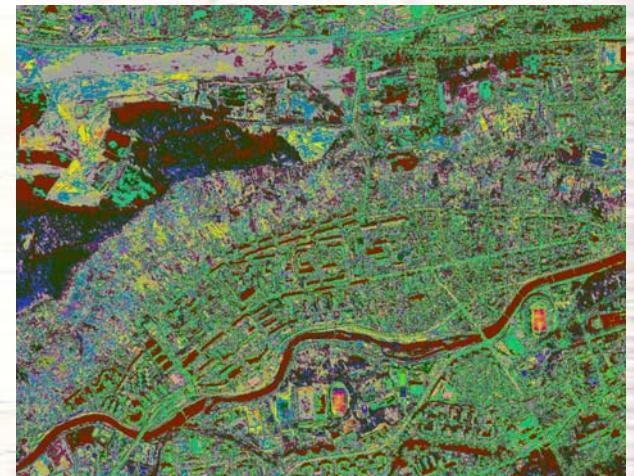
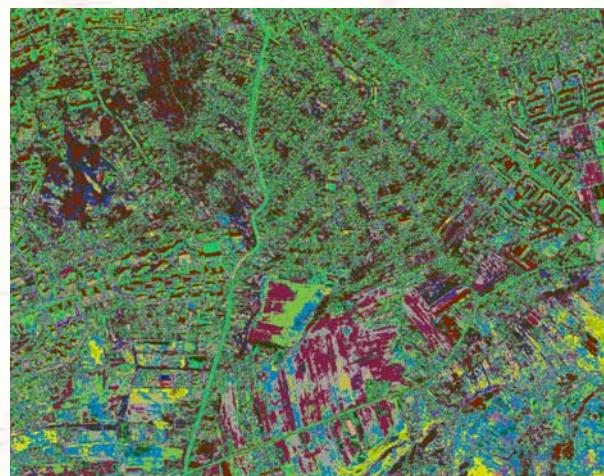
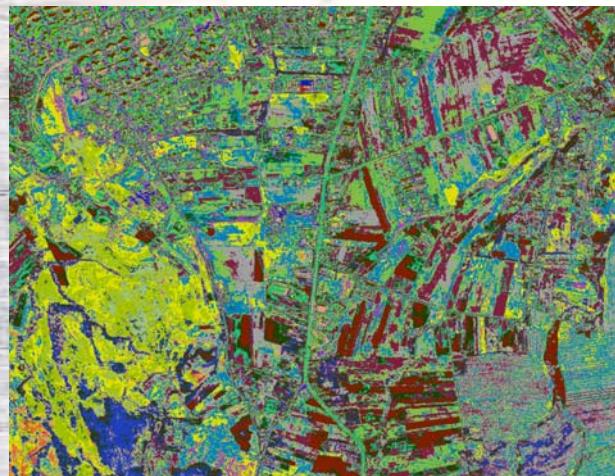
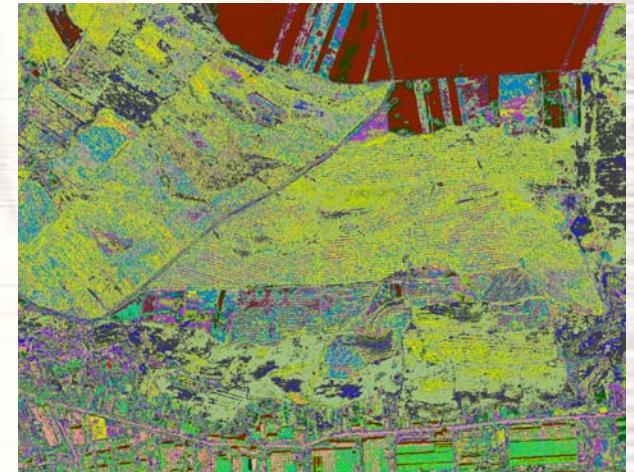
Clasificarea bazata pe indicele GEMI (Global Environmental Monitoring Index)

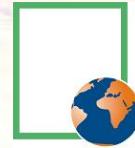
$$\text{GEMI} = \eta * (1 - 0.25 * \eta) - (\text{Red} - 0.125) / (1 - \text{Red})$$

unde

$$\eta = [2 * (\text{NIR} - \text{Red}) + 1.5 * \text{NIR} + 0.5 * \text{Red}] / (\text{NIR} + \text{red} + 0.5)$$

- GEMI ofera o mai buna clasificare a zonelor fara vegetatie insa este slab in ceea ce priveste vegetatia

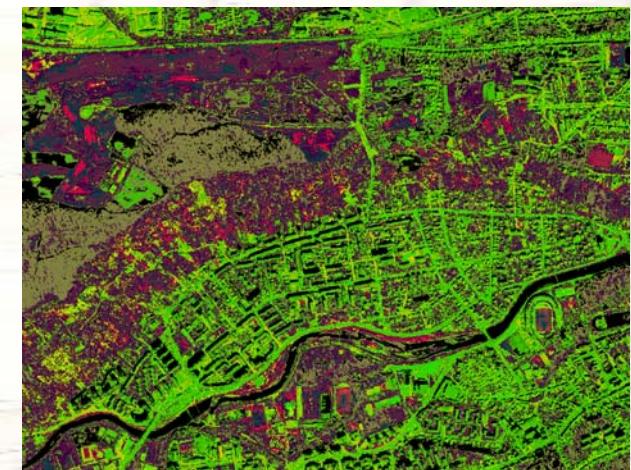
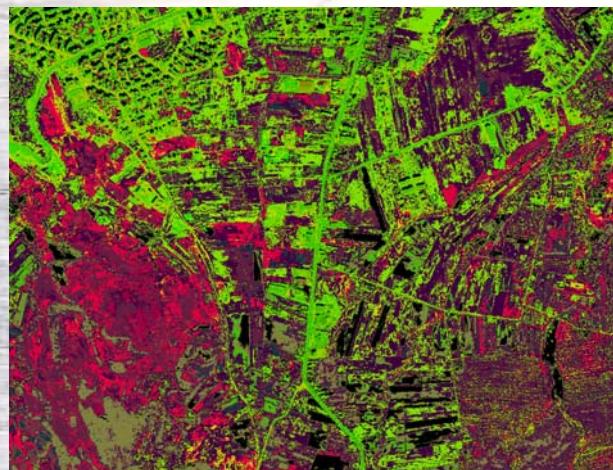
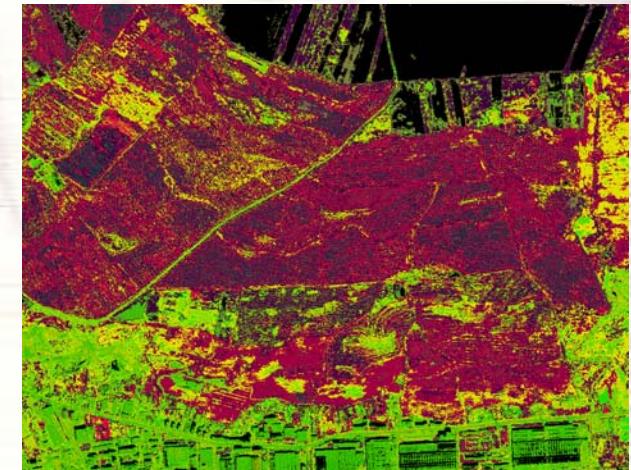
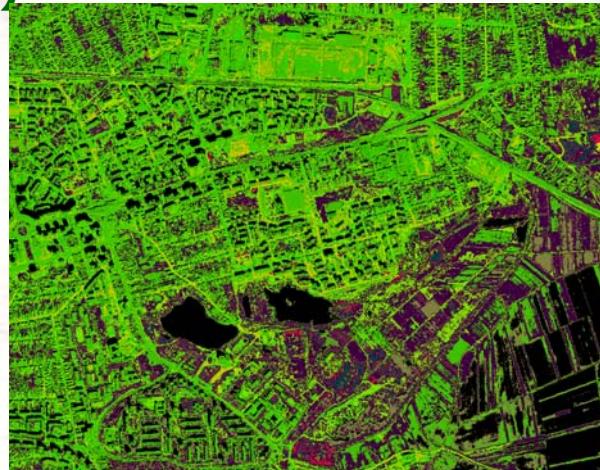




# Experiente – indici de vegetatie

- ❑ Clasificarea bazata pe indicele IPVI (Infrared Percentage Vegetation Index)  
**IPVI = NIR / (NIR+Red)**

- IPVI demonstreaza ca pentru NDVI extragerea benzii Red din NIR (o operatie matematica in plus) este irelevanta
- Lucreaza la fel ca NDVI si RVI doar ca ia valori intre 0 si 1
- IPVI ofera, la fel ca GEMI o mai buna clasificare a zonelor fara vegetatie

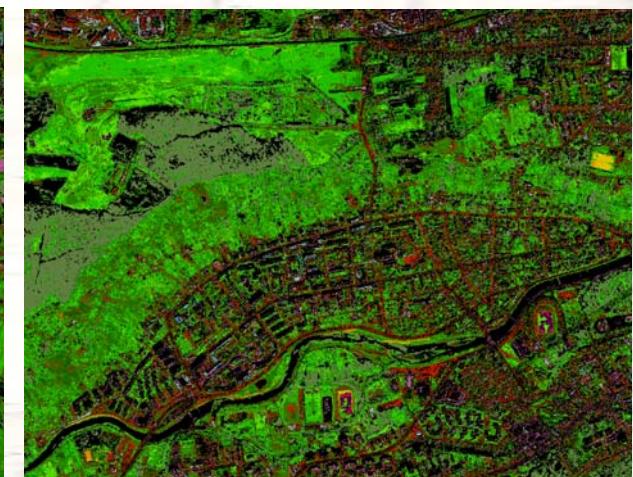
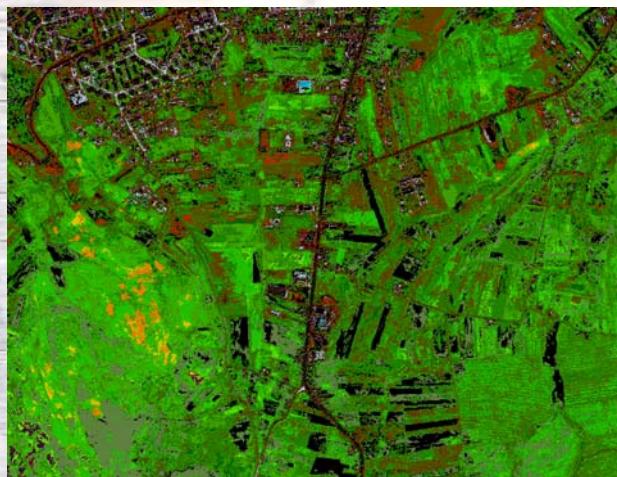
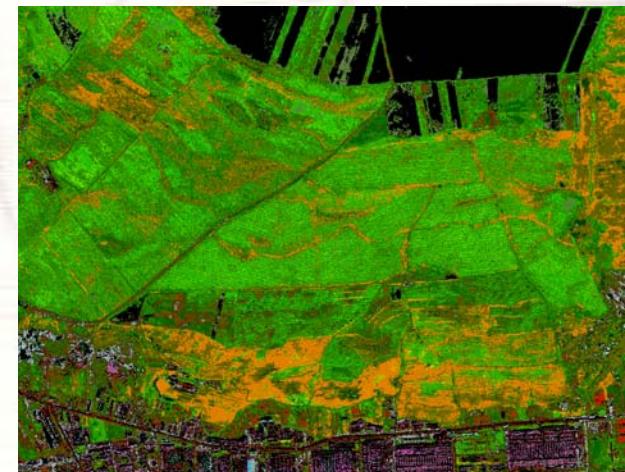
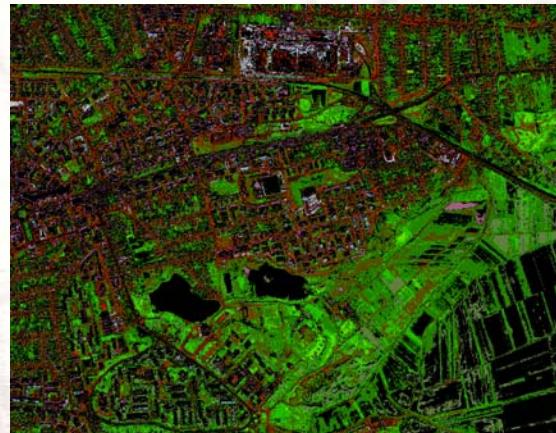


# Experiente – indici de vegetatie



- Clasificarea bazata pe indicele OSAVI (Optimised Soil-Adjustment Vegetation Index)  
**OSAVI = (NIR - Red) / (NIR + Red + 0.16)**

- Clasificarea bazata pe OSAVI elimina inflentele solului si este superioara tuturor celor anterioare
- utilizand OSAVI pentru clasificare se obtine o foarte buna segmentare a imaginilor



# Experimente – Geodatabase



MySQL Control Center 0.9.2-beta

Console Options HotKeys Window Help

Console Manager [root@localhost:3306] Query Window

File Edit View Query Options HotKeys

MySQL Servers

- root@localhost:3306
  - Databases
    - imsat
      - Tables
        - resultate
    - mysql
      - Tables
    - test
  - Server Administration
  - User Administration

Field

	sol	nv	vfd	vd	vr
1	1.2390900000	0.6317400000	0.2306100000	0.1792500000	0.0233100000
2	0.7521600000	0.4997400000	0.4114500000	0.4394700000	0.2011800000
3	1.2390900000	0.6317400000	0.2306100000	0.1792500000	0.0233100000
4	0.2011800000	0.7521600000	0.4394700000	0.4114500000	0.4997400000
5	0.0233100000	1.2390900000	0.1792500000	0.2306100000	0.6317400000
6	0.0954900000	1.8417000000	0.1557000000	0.0747600000	0.1363500000
7	3.7322100000	25.5142800000	2.2786800000	1.2764400000	0.6891900000
8	0.2766000000	2.7251400000	0.3918600000	0.1601400000	0.3558600000
9	3.7322100000	25.5142800000	2.2786800000	1.2764400000	0.6891900000

Result 1

20 rows in set (0.00) sec

Messages SQL Debug

Executing Query Read Only

# Experiente – detectia zonelor inundate



- Se face prin prelucrarea benzilor spectrale SWIR, NIR si Red
- Se utilizeaza convolutii de tip blur si operatii matematice complexe in vederea identificarii portiunilor de uscat acoperite cu apa



Imagine originală



Imagine rezultat

# Concluzii si dezvoltari ulterioare



- Testele au fost efectuate pe zeci de imagini Landsat, Spot, Ikonos si QuickBird (diverse zone de pe glob si zona Clujului)
- Rezultatele obtinute pot avea aplicabilitate imediata atat in activitatea de cercetare stiintifica, cat si in activitatati de monitorizare si amenajare a zonelor cu vegetatie, indeosebi a padurilor.
- Clasificarea imaginilor satelitare implementata in aplicatia GREENLAND este nesupervizata, cu exceptia NDVI. O clasificare supervizata si avizata de experti in domeniu ar imbunatati desigur performantele aplicatiei

# Dezvoltari ulterioare



- perfectionarea unui serviciu web public;
- dezvoltarea GeoDatabase;
- definirea unei palete de culori specifice pentru fiecare indice;
- integrarea in aplicatie a decodificarii formatelor stiintifice de imagini satelitare;
- obtinerea informatiilor referitoare la sanatatea vegetatiei;
- georeferentierea totala.

# Va multumim!



Intrebari?

Cornelia Melenti, Victor Bacu, Daniel Safta, Dorian Gorgan  
Computer Science Department, Technical University of Cluj-Napoca, Romania

[cornelia.melenti@cs.utcluj.ro](mailto:cornelia.melenti@cs.utcluj.ro),  
[victorbacu@yahoo.com](mailto:victorbacu@yahoo.com),  
[daniel.safta@yahoo.com](mailto:daniel.safta@yahoo.com),  
[dorian.gorgan@cs.utcluj.ro](mailto:dorian.gorgan@cs.utcluj.ro)

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ENVIRO 2006,  
Facultatea de Stiinta Mediului,  
Universitatea Babes-Bolyai Cluj  
28 octombrie 2006, Cluj-Napoca